



New Tools and Materials to advance the development of REDD+ Reference Levels and Forest Monitoring Systems

Joint FCPF/UN-REDD Knowledge Exchange Day

Arusha, Tanzania

November 4, 2014



Key UNFCCC Decisions on FREL/FRLs

Decision 4/CP 15

“...transparently taking into account **historic data**, and adjust for **national circumstances**...”

Decision 1/CP 16

FREL/FRLs one of the 4 REDD+ elements

Decision 12/CP 17

‘**Construction** guidelines’ (Modalities for FREL/FRL)

Annex submission)

Information guidelines for submission (for FREL/FRL

Decision 13/CP 19 & Annex

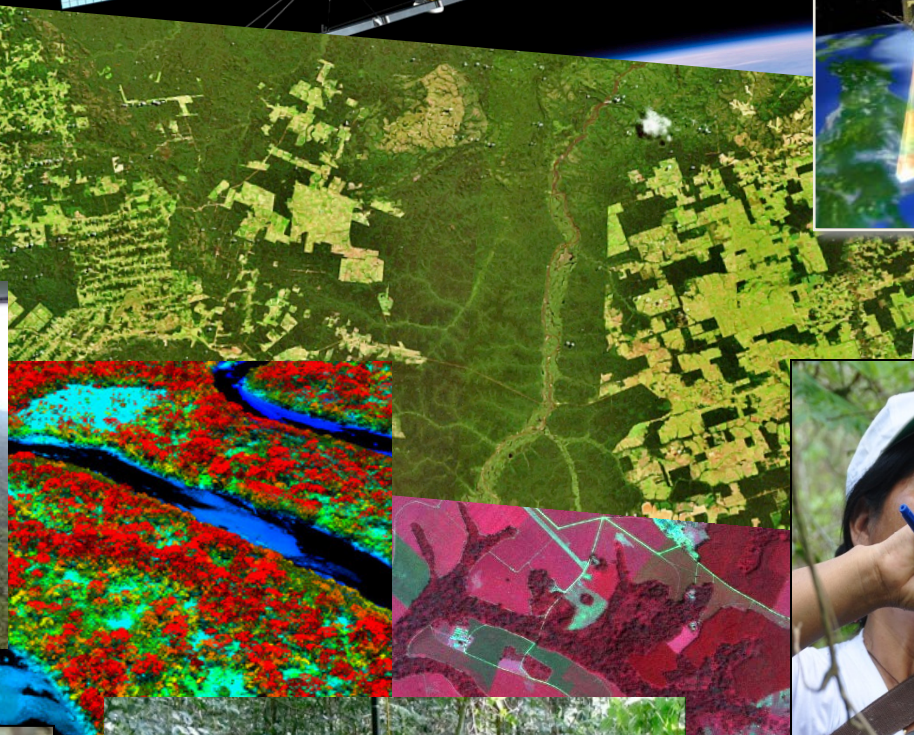
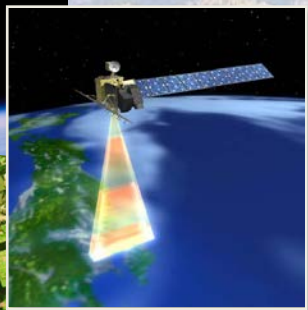
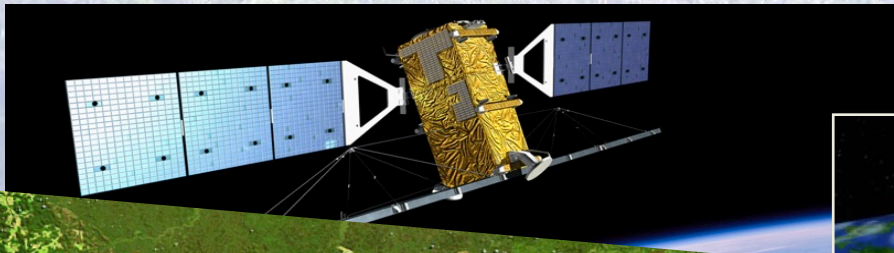
Guidelines **technical assessment**
Assessment procedures

Areas for reflection and discussion

In the context of guidance provided by the UNFCCC process, IPCC Methodologies and guidance....

For accessing performed base payments out of different, sometimes multiple sources (bilateral, multilaterals, private, etc)

- **SCOPE: Activities, pools, gases**
- **SCALE: Biomes, province, areas subjected to a particular activity, other**
- **FOREST DEFINITION**
- **FOREST MONITORING SYSTEMS IN PLACE: step wise towards national**
- **HISTORIC DATA: Availability, cost efficiency**





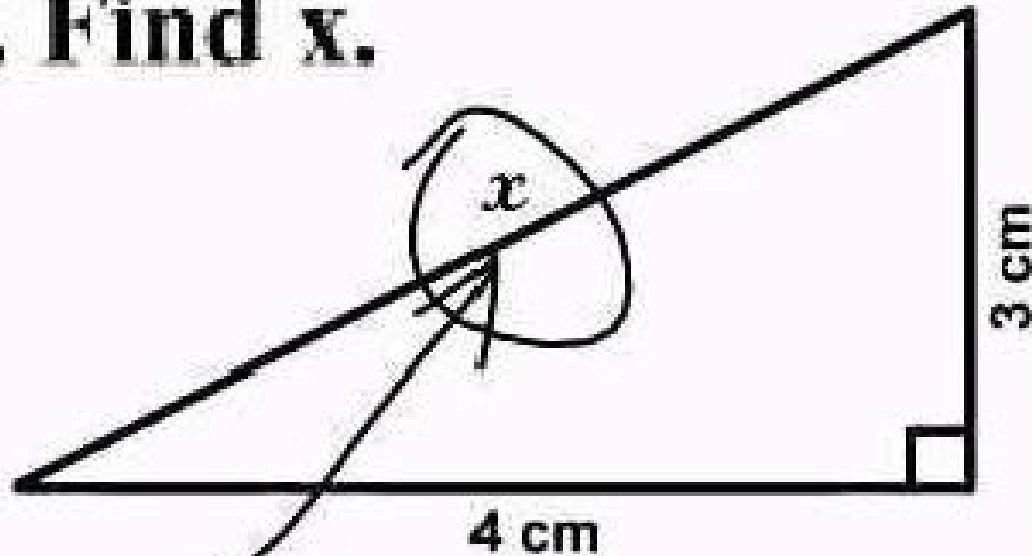
It's simple ...

- Develop a Reference Level
- Measure, Report, Verify Results (Emissions Reductions)
- Consistency is important!

$$E_{\text{missions}} = A_{\text{ctivity}} D_{\text{ata}} \times E_{\text{mission}} F_{\text{actors}}$$

... or is it?

3. Find x .



Here it is

Tools



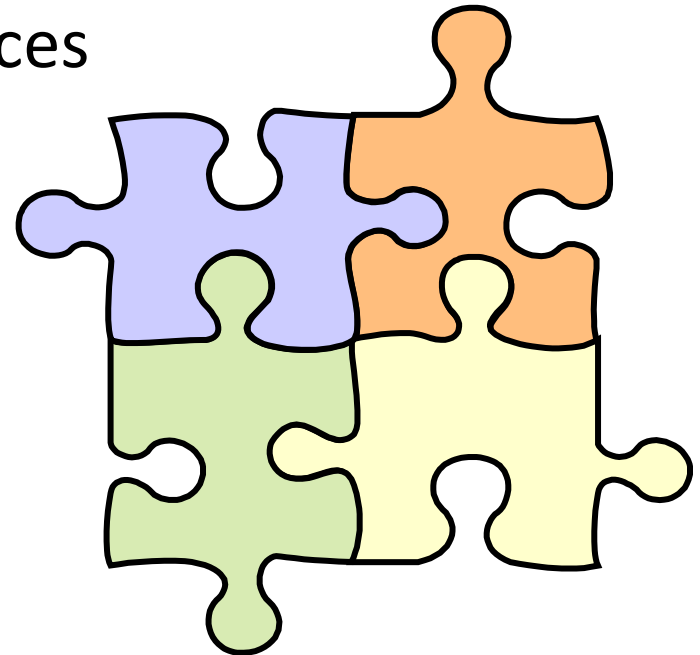
Technical Guidance



Outline

Why decision support tools and technical guidance?

1. REDD+ Decision Support Toolbox *
2. GOFC-GOLD Technical Guidance (Training Modules) *
3. Other useful and practical resources
4. Emerging Reference Level Approaches (FAO)



The REDD+ Decision Support Toolbox

Online tool with a simple interface, supported by a comprehensive database, that

- **Informs** the technical approach for reference levels (RL), forest monitoring, and measurement reporting and verification (MRV)
- **Facilitates** technical and policy decisions related to RL and MRV



The decision support toolbox is data-driven

- Integrates a range of variables required for estimation of emissions
 - Forest cover, forest cover change
 - Fires
 - Logging
 - Biomass and biomass harvesting
 - Soils
 - Population
 - Others
- Prompts users to make informed decisions and explore options

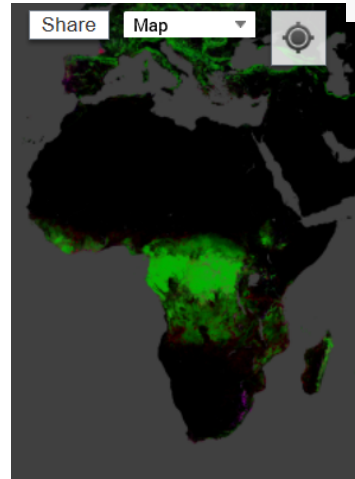


The tool draws on publically available and spatially referenced information

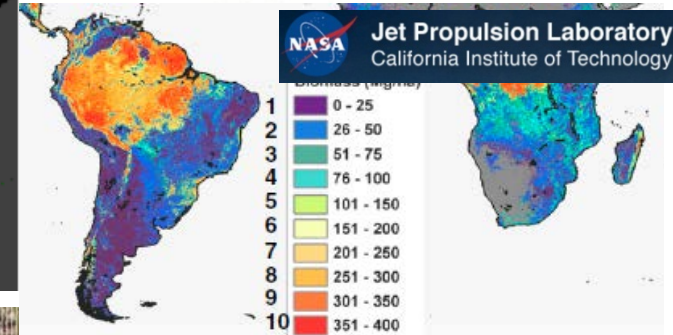
- IPCC
- FAO
- Research and Data Initiatives
- Satellite-based data products
- National Statistics
- Published literature
- Others



REDD+ Decision Support Toolbox



Global Forest Change
Published by Hansen, Potapov, Moore, Hancher et al.



ISRIC World Soil Information



OPEN ACCESS
Peer-Reviewed
Environmental Research Letters
Environ. Res. Lett. # (2014) 04017 (11pp)
doi:10.1088/1748-9326/9/3/04017

Carbon emissions from tropical forest degradation caused by logging

Timothy R H Pearson, Sandra Brown and Felipe M Casarim

Benchmark map of forest carbon stocks in tropical regions across three continents

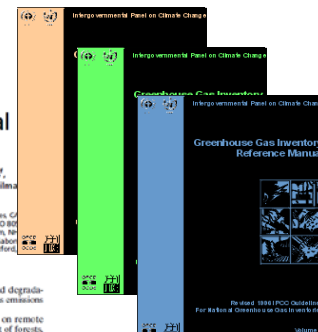
Sassan S. Saatchi^{1,2}, Nancy L. Harris³, Sandra Brown⁴, Michael Lefsky⁵, Edward T. A. Mitchard⁶, William Sales⁷, Brian R. Zutta^{8,9}, Wolfgang Buermann¹⁰, Simon L. Lewis¹¹, Stephen Hagen¹², Silvia Petrova¹³, Lee White¹⁴, Miles Silim¹⁵ and Alexandra Morel¹⁶

¹Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, CA 91109; ²Institute of Environment, University of California, Los Angeles, CA 90095; ³Woods Hole International, Ecosystem Services Unit, Arlington, VA 22202; ⁴College of Natural Resources, Colorado State University, Fort Collins, CO 80523; ⁵Institute of Geography, School of Geosciences, University of Edinburgh, Edinburgh EH8 9JY, United Kingdom; ⁶Agraria Geosciences, Durham, UK; ⁷USDA Forest Service, Pacific Northwest Research Station, 3200 SW Jefferson Way, Corvallis, OR 97331, USA; ⁸Department of Geography, University of Florida, Gaines, FL 32611, USA; ⁹Department of Geography, University of Wisconsin-Madison, 480 Lincoln Drive, Madison, WI 53706, USA; ¹⁰Department of Geography, University of Guelph, Guelph, ON N1G 2W1, Canada; ¹¹Department of Geography, University of Oxford, Oxford, UK; ¹²Department of Geography, University of Oxford, Oxford, UK; ¹³Department of Geography, University of Oxford, Oxford, UK; ¹⁴Department of Geography, University of Oxford, Oxford, UK; ¹⁵Department of Geography, University of Oxford, Oxford, UK; ¹⁶Department of Geography, University of Oxford, Oxford, UK

Editor's: by Susan E. Trumbore, University of California, Irvine, CA, and approved May 5, 2011 (received for review December 28, 2010)

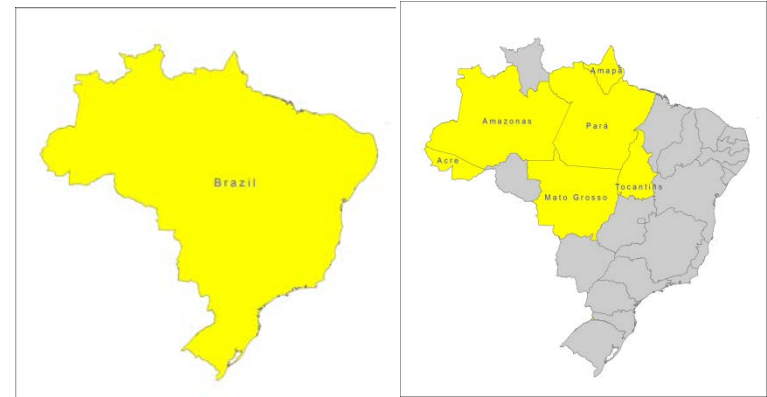
Developing countries are required to produce robust estimates of forest carbon stocks for successful implementation of climate change mitigation policies related to reducing emissions from deforestation and degradation (REDD). Here we present a "benchmark" map of biomass carbon stocks over 2.5 billion ha of forests on three continents encompassing all tropical forests, for the early 2000s, which will be invaluable for REDD assessments at both project and national scales. We mapped the total carbon stock in live biomass (above- and belowground), using a combination of data from

quired for reducing emissions from deforestation and degradation (REDD) activities designed to curb greenhouse gas emissions from the land use sector (5, 15). Efforts to estimate the distribution of biomass rely on remote sensing techniques due to the wide geographical extent of forests, difficult accessibility, and the limited utility of field inventories owing to the natural spatial variability of forest biomass (8, 9, 14). New remote sensing approaches using light detection and ranging (Lidar) and radio detection and ranging (radar) from airborne sensors have been successful in providing high-resolution esti-



The tool informs decisions on

- Scale (national vs. jurisdictional)
- Scope (REDD+ Activities)
- Pools
- Gases
- Reference Period
- Forest Definition
- Emission Factors
- Others



What follows are screenshots of the Decision Support Toolbox



**Apologies
for the small
font size!**

Navigation tabs: REDD+ Design | Reference Levels | National Forest Monitoring | Reporting and Verification | Summary | Resources

FCPF Countries

REDD+ Design

Reference Levels

Forest Monitoring

Reporting & Verification

Summary



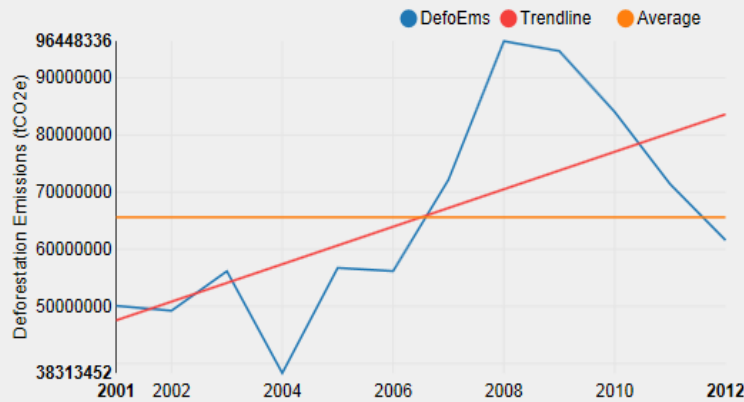
Tanzania

Defining Reference Period

Symbols 'Fire_F' missing in "Fire_F" for year 2012

Deforestation Emissions

Explore the implications of different reference level periods for emissions from deforestation by selecting different start and end periods for the deforestation RL. Save your selection by clicking the 'Next' button at the bottom of the page. The average historical emissions and trendline are presented here for comparison, but the average historical emissions for the selected reference period will be used going forward.



Deforestation start year

required

Deforestation end year

- 2001
- 2002
- 2003
- 2004
- 2005
- 2006
- 2007
- 2008
- 2009
- 2010
- 2011
- 2012

	Average	Trend
Forest Loss (FL) (ha/yr)	139,717	FL = 7,937*YEAR + -15,785,810; R ² = 0.69, P = 0.01
CO ₂ emissions (t CO ₂ /yr)	65,600,180	Ems = 3,280,889*YEAR + -6,517,504,403; R ² = 0.64, P = 0.02

[REDD+ Design](#)
[Reference Levels](#)
[National Forest Monitoring](#)
[Reporting and Verification](#)
[Summary](#)
[Resources](#)

[Reference Level Period](#)
[Defining Reference Period](#)
[Average vs. Trend](#)
[Adjustments](#)
[Build my Reference Level](#)
[Summary](#)

Build my Reference Level

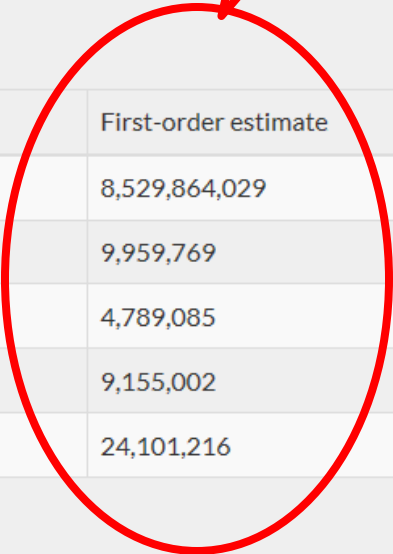
Your default reference level is shown below. This uses default databases and includes the decisions you made about activities, carbon pools, and the reference period.

Your deforestation period has been defined between years 2001 and 2012.

Your fire period has been defined between years 2001 and 2011.

Activity	Metric	First-order estimate	% of Total Emissions
Deforestation	t CO ₂ e/yr	8,529,864,029	99.72%
Timber Harvesting/Forest Management	t CO ₂ e/yr	9,959,769	0.12%
Fuelwood/Charcoal Production	t CO ₂ e/yr	4,789,085	0.06%
Forest Fire	t CO ₂ e/yr	9,155,002	0.11%
Enhancement of C stocks through forest gains? *	t CO ₂ e/yr	24,101,216	

First-order estimates



* assuming 20% of area eligible for enhancements is afforested or reforested

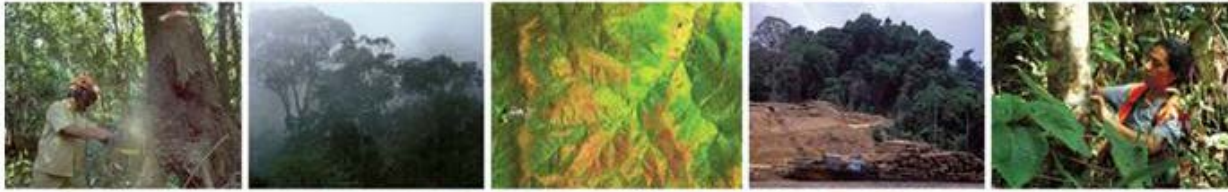
[View Your Progress](#)
[Info](#)

[Back](#)
[Next](#)

- Some caveats
 - The tool doesn't make decisions; nor is it meant to 'set' a country's reference level
 - ... this requires more technical work.
 - ... and a due process in-country.
 - The tool can help facilitate both.
- Next steps
 - Available online in 2015 (via FCPF website)
 - To be used by countries and during country visits and workshops

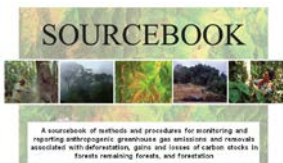
Training Material based on GOFC-GOLD Sourcebook

SOURCEBOOK



GOFC-GOLD Sourcebook

- Provides **guidance** from the global community of earth observation and carbon experts on how to obtain **credible estimates** of forest carbon stocks and related changes using satellite remote sensing as an important tool for monitoring changes in forest cover
- Builds on IPCC Guidelines for estimating and reporting GHG emissions and removals from forest lands

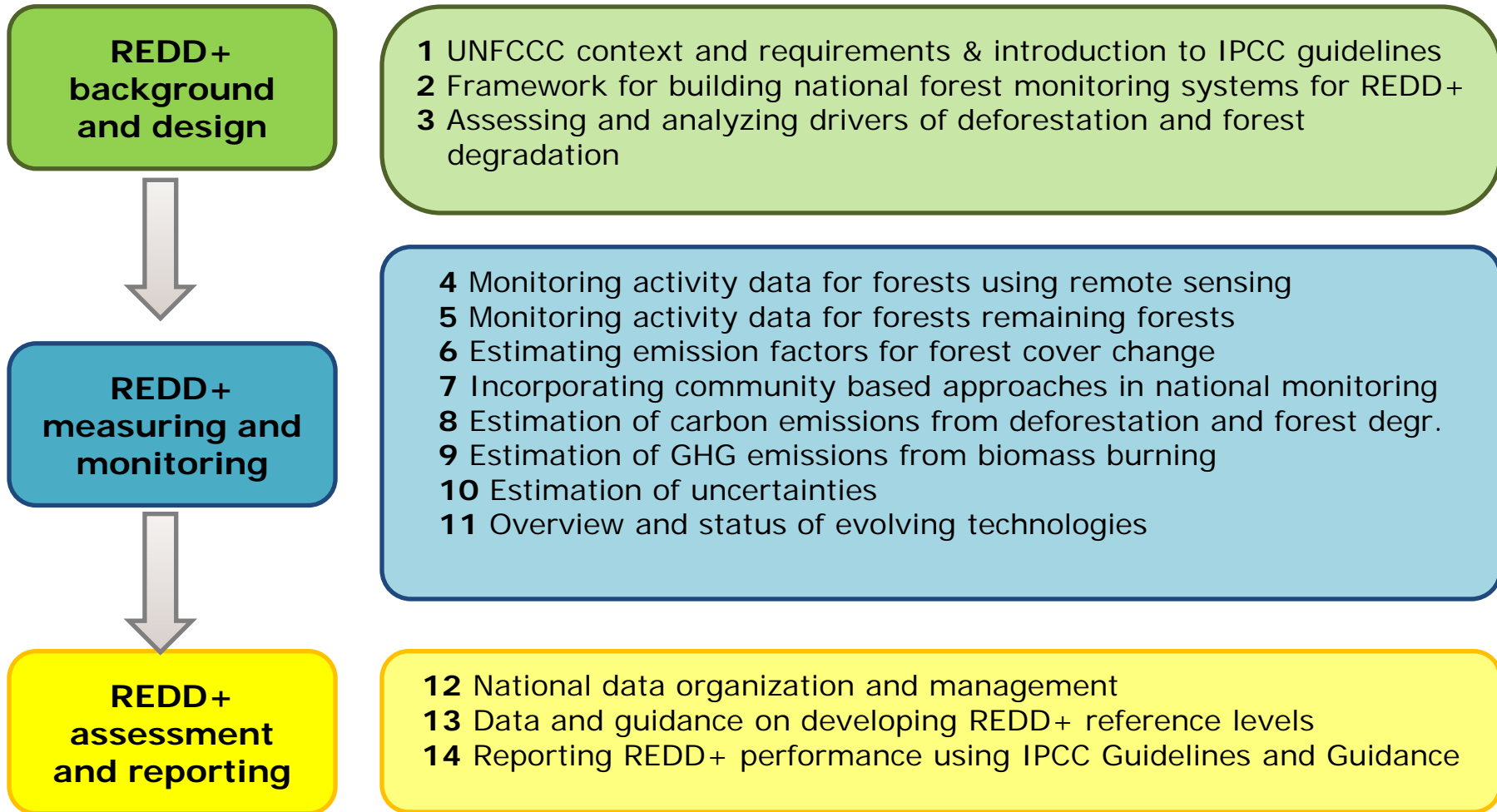


- The sourcebook is the product of a working group of **Global Observation of Forest and Land Cover Dynamics (GOFC-GOLD)**
<http://www.gofcgold.wur.nl/>

Objectives of Training Manuals

- Provide a user-friendly set of modular training materials that can be tailored to country needs and be flexibly used in different settings (workshops, technical support missions etc.)
- Provide technical and practical guidance that is thoroughly peer-reviewed by a global network of experts

Overview of Modules




Module Structure

Background lectures (14)

Module 1.2 Framework for building national forest monitoring systems for REDD+

Module developers:
Erika Romijn
Martin Herold
Brice Mora

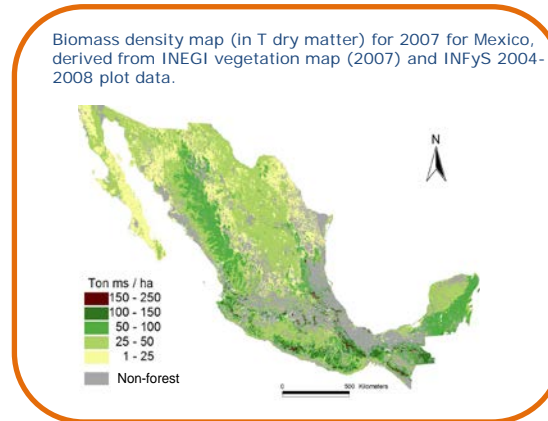



After the course the participants should be able

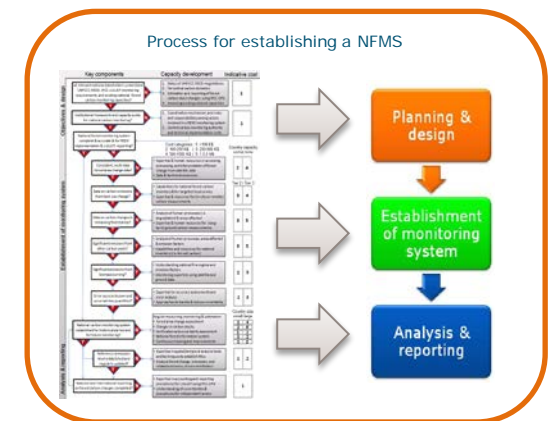
- Understand the needs and priorities of a national REDD+ policy and implementation strategy
- Assess and characterize forest monitoring and reporting capacities of developing countries in different national circumstances
- Develop a roadmap for building sustained in-country capacities for REDD+ MRV

GOFC-GOLD training materials for REDD+ monitoring and reporting
Module 1.2 Framework for building national forest monitoring systems for REDD+

Country examples (28)

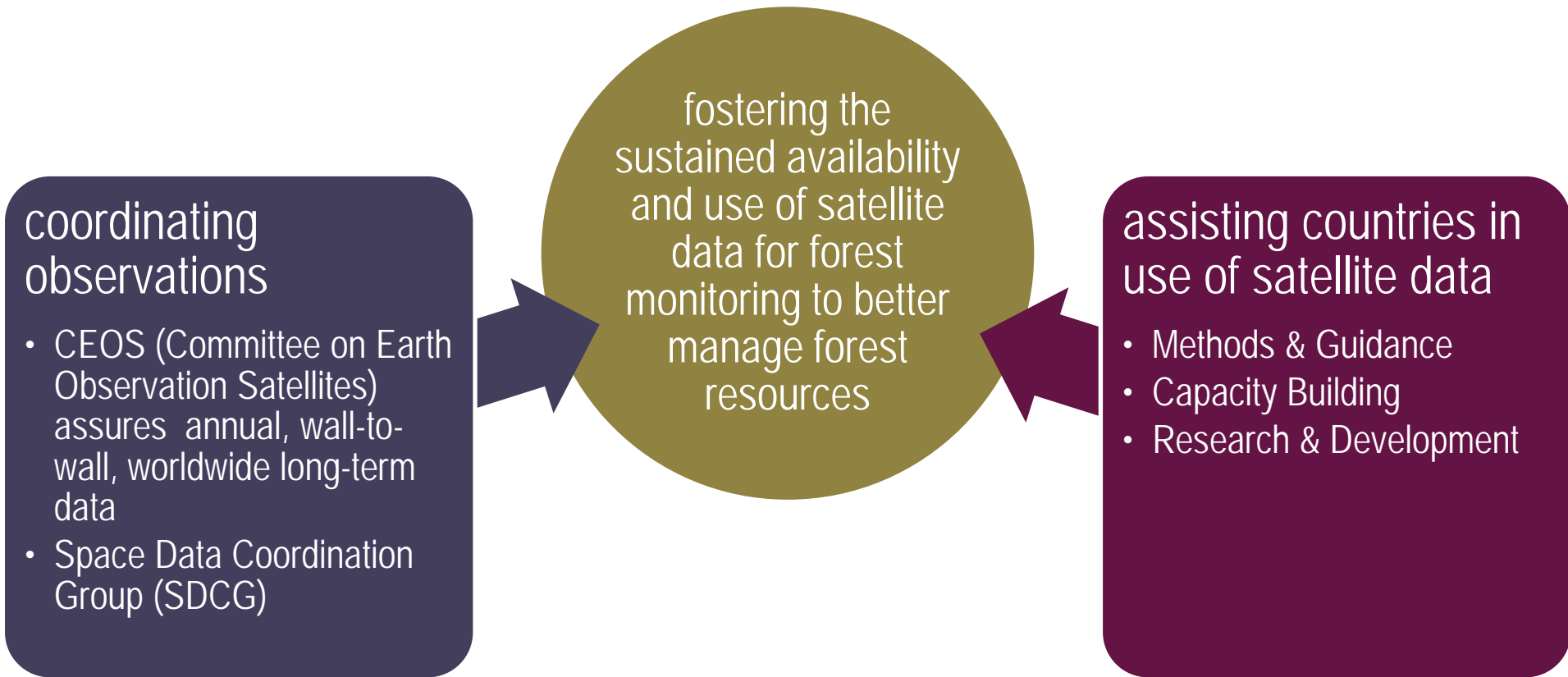


Practical exercises (22)



... and more: support documents, notes, references

Global Forest Observation Initiative GFOI



<http://gfoi.org/>

Space Data Coordination Group (SDCG)

Baseline Global Data Acquisition Strategy

- Provide consistent time-series of satellite data over global forest cover.
- Annual national cloud-free optical coverage over each country.

Space Data Services

- A coordinated strategy for national data acquisitions accommodating countries' specific technical **requirements, heritage, or experience**.
- Covers a wider range of satellite data sources, including **commercial**.

Data Supply in Support of GFOI R&D Activities

- Includes support for science studies assisting the development and evolution of the MGD for GFOI.

Methodological Guidance from GFOI

**Integrating remote-sensing and
ground-based observations for
estimation of emissions and removals
of greenhouse gases in forests**

*Methods and Guidance from the Global Forest
Observations Initiative*

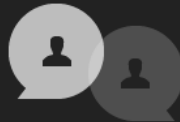
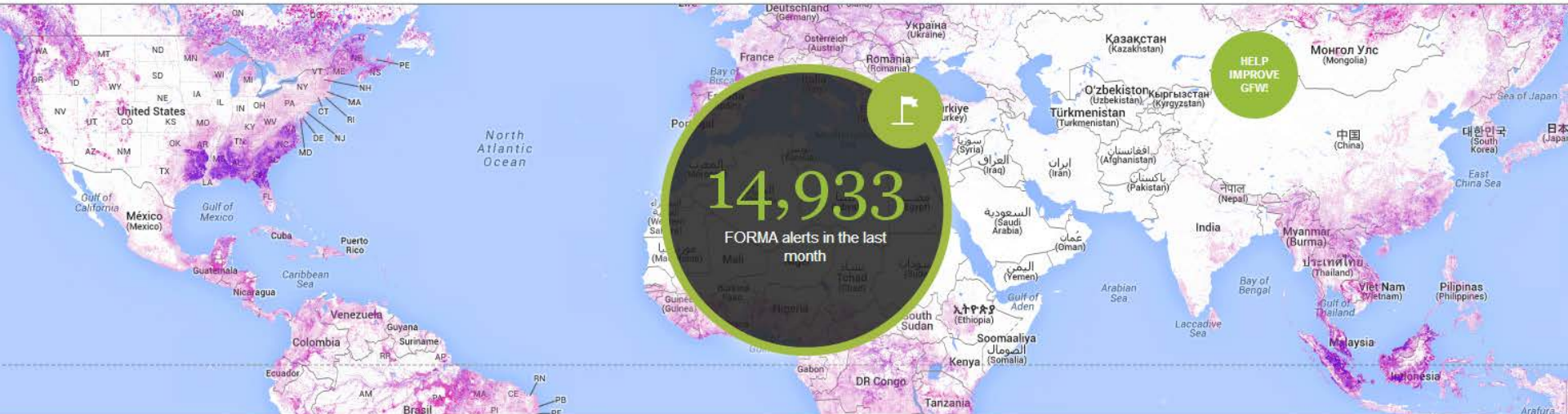
Version 1.0
January 2014



Find out what is happening
in forests right now

CHECK OUT
GFW FIRES

CHECK OUT
GFW COMMODITIES



Join the community

Subscribe to the Global Forest Watch discussion forum to learn more about data and interact with fellow users and researchers.

JOIN THE GROUP



Analysis & alerts

Perform forest cover change analyses on the fly and get answers in real time. Subscribe to receive automated alerts to forest cover change in your area of interest.

START ANALYZING



Submit your story

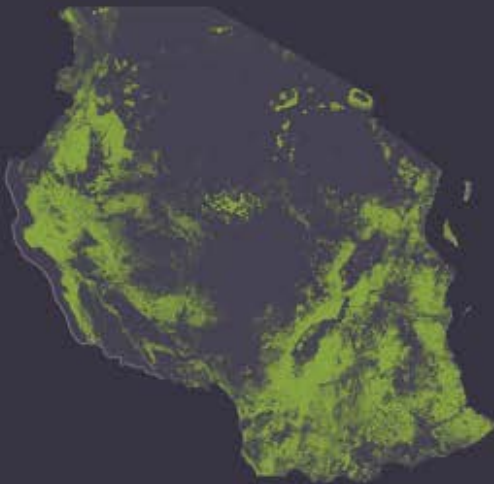
Have a story to share about forest change? Help improve our forest monitoring by submitting your stories and photos for display on the GFW map.

SUBMIT YOUR STORY

Tanzania

SELECT AREA

SHARE



TREE COVER (2000)

25 MHa

PERCENT TREE COVER
(2000)

28 %

LOSS AND GAIN (2001 - 2012)



100,481
Hectares lost in 2012

INFO



DOWNLOAD DATA



COUNTRY STATS



ANALYZE



SETTINGS



FORMA
CLEARING ALERTS

FOREST
TYPE

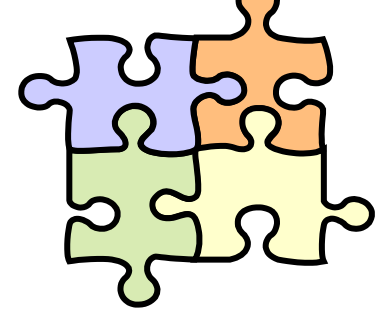
PEOPLE
& ECONOMY

TENURE
& LAWS

CLIMATE CHANGE

INTERNATIONAL
AGREEMENTS

How does it all fit together?



Explore

- Use decision support tool (including embedded data) to develop preliminary estimates and design

Decide

- Use decision support and country-specific data (e.g., GFW) to facilitate a technical and policy decision process

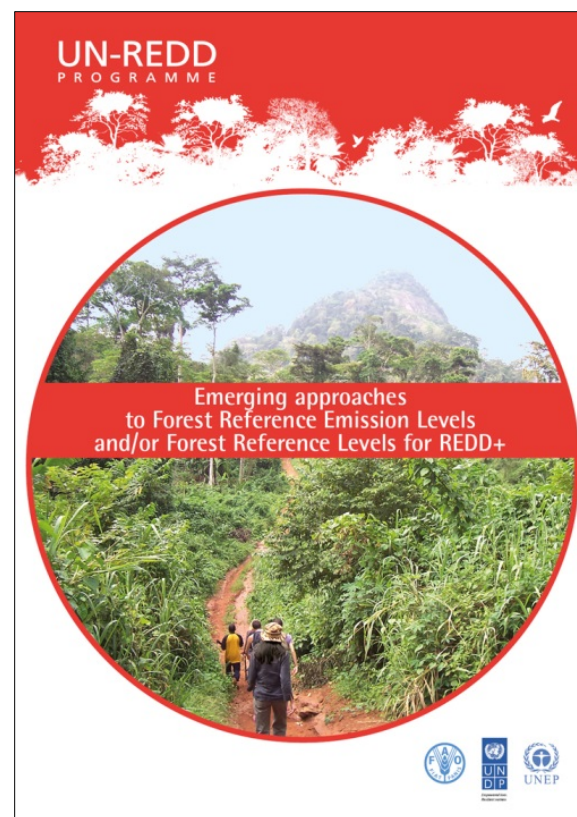
Implement

- Use training material to build capacity and technical guidance to implement decisions (GOFC-GOLD, GFOI); get data (e.g., via GFOI)

Overview of new UN-REDD publication: “Emerging approaches to Forest Reference Emission Levels and/or Forest Reference Levels for REDD+”

Outline of the publication

1. What are FREL/FRLs and what purpose may they serve
2. Country examples: Brazil, Chile, Costa Rica, Democratic Republic of Congo, Ghana, Guyana, Mexico, Nepal, Republic of Congo, Vietnam
3. Examples and Analysis of:
 - Construction methodology
 - Scale
 - Scope
 - Datasets used
4. Emerging Trends and Common challenges



Thank You!